

The Waynesburg Republican. WAYNESBURG, PENNA. Wednesday, Jan. 8, '68.

Hon. O. P. Morton, of Indiana, at Washington on the 31st ult., in the course of a powerful address on the present political status and the wants of the day, said: The struggle, therefore, on the part of the Democratic party, North and South, as I have spoken will be in 1868, for the restoration of these States into rebel hands and the administration of the affairs of the States on that basis.

If you are prepared to say that blacks and loyal white men are to be turned over to the rebels, then vote the Democratic ticket. But if you are in favor of impartial suffrage, and giving rights to black and white, then vote the Republican ticket.

There are numerous other questions wrapped up in these leading ideas I have announced. The first one I shall mention is the payment for slaves emancipated during the war. And though this has not been declared as yet to be a question of the issue, I am as firmly convinced it is to be as though I read it in the written platform of the Democratic party.

The States of Maryland and Kentucky have already provided for this, in anticipation of the success of the Democratic party at their next election. [Here Mr. Morton read from the Constitution of the State of Maryland, and from a report of the proceedings of the Kentucky State Legislature, to substantiate the statement made.]

Georgia has also provided for this; and although other Southern States may be silent on this subject, they will be ready to meet the question when it is time. The Democratic party of the South will be a unit on the question; and now let me show that the Democratic party of the North are ready to meet them. I base my assertion on the fact that the members of this party voted without a single exception, against the amendments when they were before Congress, and Democratic newspapers have denounced those amendments with one voice; so it is safe to say that in the issue the Northern wing will concede to the South everything claimed by them, and if they do not, their action will be very different from what it has been in years past; for I never knew of a demand made by the North that was not readily conceded by the Southern portion of that party. Should the Democratic party concede to power, the payment for the slaves emancipated may be considered a settled fact.

You remember when the question was up in Congress to abolish slavery in 1862, and again in 1864, the Democratic members in both Houses were then united in favor of paying for every slave emancipated, and it was denounced as morally wrong to take a slave even from a rebel, and not fairly compensate the owner for the loss; and I say again, this question is inevitably involved in the general issues of 1868.

Another question is involved, that will follow just as certain, and that is the assumption and payment of the rebel war debt. I ask you as reasoning and thinking men when the Representatives of the South are admitted to Congress, and are called upon to vote upon appropriations to pay the debt, do you think they would vote to pay themselves for our debt and not provide for their own? The Northern States staked their financial power in the Government bonds, and the South risked all she had in the prosecution of the war, and lost all; and you may expect in the advent of the Democratic party into power, that provision will be made for the payment of that debt; but I am glad to say that not until then will it be thought of.

The Democratic party were opposed to our debt being contracted in its incipency, and you may remember that a prominent member of that party warned the people not to buy the bonds, as they would prove worthless on their hands. They were hostile then to the debt, and the Southern wing of the Democratic party are now to be compelled to help pay it. So that the demand on their part to tax the people for the payment of the debt of the South will be as surely conceded as the demand is made.

I come to another issue that is also involved in the contest, the pensioning of rebel soldiers, and the widows and orphans of those who fell fighting for the rebellion. Does not the present state of affairs in Maryland indicate the feeling which prevails against the soldiers who were members of regiments in the Union army? Can a Union soldier be elected to any office? Is he not proscribed in business and society? Ask if Union men, who are lawyers or physicians, find any success in the practice of their profession? Are they not proscribed on account of their sentiments? Does not the same condition of affairs exist in Kentucky? I see here to-night a gentleman who can tell you about that much better than I who knows from experience and observation what the feeling is there. Rebels, and rebels only are elected to office. The presence of Union men is no where tolerated, but their position is made uncomfortable and if possible to rid the State of their presence.

Sir, if you give the power of re-creation into the hands of rebels, you may expect the same condition of affairs in all the Southern States. And you may ask what do I argue from all this. I will tell you. When the Democratic party gets into power, do you suppose the representatives from the South will vote for pensioning the soldiers and widows of the North, and not provide for their own in the South? Is it human nature, I ask, for men to do such things? And when you bring them power, their rebel soldiers

will as surely be placed on the same footing with the Union soldiers of the North. This question, then, I say, is involved in the issues of the coming campaign. The point I make here to-night is the inevitable consequence of the Democratic party coming into power. Some men may like the policy of the party and vote for it solely on that account but let them remember that they are voting to elevate the rebel soldiers to the same position as those who fought to preserve the Union.

The great questions of the campaign in 1868 are, then, I repeat, the maintenance of this Government, the justice of the war, or the right of the rebellion. And these are the questions which are to be decided: 1868 is to determine whether this Government is to remain in the hands of the Union men or to be allowed to pass into the hands of Southern men.

At the beginning of this New Year we have nothing special to record in the history of our country. Europe has had its war tremors and the severe shake at Salwa made Austria a confirmed cripple. France dealt the brave Garibaldi a fatal stroke, crushing the life out of Italian liberty for years to come. Turk and Greek are yet locked in deadly embrace, nearly all have experienced the gripe of armed contention in the Old World, and south of us on our own continent the din of battle has hardly ceased. Marked by distrust and doubt alone the Old Year with us dragged its slow length along, and it is a relief to bury it with the dead Past. Contrasted with former years, perhaps, a superficial glance would not discover wherein it materially differed. Commerce and trade seem active, enterprise has discovered new fields, stupendous works have been forwarded and completed, all the same as heretofore, with a considerable stride in the world of art and science. But, for all this there has been an under-current that retarded greatly the social, financial and political tide that should have swept us to a higher plane beyond the reach of disturbing elements. Six years of civil strife left huge gaps in the structure that bound the sections together, which the present generation will hardly see rebuilt with Greasy stability. Unfortunately for the South and the country at large, the duplicity of the Chief Executive and the designing motives of a crushingly powerful party that for some inimitable purpose has been allowed to raise its blood-curdled head, by a strange fascination permit themselves to be used as willing instruments for their own torture. They have taught them to appeal to the power that opposed the war for redress in their imaginary wrongs, an irrelevant and delusive idea existing that the American people intend to yet abandon the country to treason's demand. When once this phantom is banished from their minds it will be in the coming October, we shall have a revival in business and a better feeling in society. Know, then, that here lies the remedy. Gird yourselves anew for the contest and with the same leader that led our battalions in blue to victory we will move upon the enemy to conquer. The cheers of willingness have gone up from every part of the line from Maine to California and time and signal are only wanting for the mighty host to achieve another victory scarcely less important than that which passed the rebellion into history.

For many years there has not been a season such as that just passed, tempered with a degree of dullness equal to the last. Shop-keepers and grocery men did not do the lively business they were wont to, and Santa Claus consequently betrayed a woful parsimoniousness. In our belief the people are becoming economical and not so enthusiastic as formerly over glittering displays, pure or tinsel. Hereaway, nothing marked the anniversaries but the snapping of Chinese crackers and the early din of the caldiumpans. Fox hunting was the rural sport. New Years day was made the occasion of a pleasant time at the Presbyterian and Cumberland Presbyterian Churches. A handsome treat was given the Sunday Schools of each Church, in the shape of bon-bons, fruits and substantial eatables.

The Legislature convened on the 7th inst. A Free Railroad Law is the only important measure before that body at present. They are pledged to give the State the benefit of this measure, and its early passage is demanded. They who vote against it will commit political suicide and deservedly be consigned to oblivion.

ANSON BURLINGAME, American Minister in China, has been appointed by that empire as their ambassador to the treaty-making powers of Europe. It is considered a high compliment to our nation, and will greatly advance our commercial interests in the Celestial domain.

FOR THE REPUBLICAN. GREENE COUNTY TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

The Institute met, agreeably to previous notice, in the Union School building Dec. 31st, 1867, at 11 o'clock P. M., was called to order by Prof. T. J. Teal, Co. Supt., who is, ex officio, the presiding officer. A Scriptural extract was read and prayer offered by Dr. A. B. Miller, after which the organization was completed. Prof. F. H. Crago, of Carmichels, was chosen Rec. Sec., Miss Jennie Wiley, of Carmichels, Enrolling Sec., J. F. Gwynn, of Camb. tp., Door Clerk, Messrs J. Jackson Purman, Geo. W. Hoskinson and W. F. Orr, Reporting Committee. Teachers present were then enrolled, 65 responded. S. S. Jack, State Lecturer, delivered a lecture on Orthography. An executive committee of four was appointed to aid the Superintendent in his duties.

EVENING SESSION.—Re-assembled at 6 1/2 o'clock. Prof. J. C. Gilchrist, Supt. of Washington Co., delivered an address, subject—Reform. A discourse by Dr. A. B. Miller, subject—Care of the School Room. Both interesting and instructive.

WEDNESDAY A. M.—Opened with prayer. A committee on resolutions was appointed viz, Messrs W. M. Nickerson, J. C. Kendall and Miss Clara Hedge. S. S. Jack continued his lecture on Orthography. Prof. Gilchrist talked on Grammar and queries were asked by different teachers. Prof. A. Stevens, of Pittsburgh, spoke for 25 minutes on Penmanship. After questions and criticism adjourned. 78 teachers enrolled.

F. M.—Met in the College Chapel at the regular hour. Prof. Moore, of Fayette Co., lectured a short time on Reading. S. S. Jack continued his discourse on Orthography and Primary Reading. W. N. Hull, of Washington Co., read a select piece. Mr. Stevens again spoke on Penmanship. Queries were discussed 20 minutes with spirit. S. S. Jack read "The Old Arm Chair," with effect. Arithmetic was discussed by S. S. Jack. Adjourned.

THURSDAY A. M.—Met at 8 o'clock. Practical remarks on various subjects pertaining to the Teacher, miscellaneous discussed. S. S. Jack consumed a half hour on teaching Elementary Geography. Dr. Miller discoursed of Mathematical Geography and Prof. Gilchrist of the Metric System. Adjourned.

F. M.—The following teachers were selected as a committee on Permanent Certificates: F. H. Crago, W. N. Nickerson, S. H. Headlee, J. Jackson Purman, J. A. Gordon. The topic of Reading was again spoken of by S. S. Jack. Prof. J. C. Gilchrist delivered a lecture on Grammar. Questions were asked. Adjourned.

FRIDAY A. M.—Met at the usual hour. Talk on various subjects. S. S. Jack lectured on Geography, Prof. A. Stevens on Penmanship, Dr. Miller on Mathematical Geography, S. S. Jack on Arithmetic Method of Teaching Primary Classes, etc. Usual Queries and answers. Adjourned.

S. M.—S. S. Jack addressed the Institute on Phonetics, Prof. Gilchrist on Object Teaching, Queries, F. H. Crago read a select, Adjourned.

SATURDAY P. M.—Queries were discussed by many teachers. The roll was called and answered by sentiment. The following resolutions were then read and adopted. Resolved, That we recognize the Teachers Institute as a most efficient means of elevating the standard of qualifications of Teachers, both in regard to scholarship and modes of instruction, and therefore well calculated to promote the highest interests of the schools in our county.

Resolved, That although, the attendance far exceeds our most sanguine expectations, and leaves no doubt as to the future popularity and success of such Institutes, yet we regret that so many of our teachers have failed to avail themselves of this opportunity of valuable instruction and pleasant association with their fellow teachers. Resolved, That the highest perfection of man's nature is a sound mind in a sound body, and as the structure of the body and the laws of health receive almost no attention in the present course of common-school instruction, the study of Physiology and Hygiene should be introduced into all our schools. Resolved, That we tender our thanks to the gentlemen who explained their respective systems of Penmanship, and we deprecate the lack of interest in this essential branch of edu-

REMARKABLE PHENOMENA. THEY MUST GO.

A letter from Niagara Falls, gives the following description of the remarkable phenomena of low water at the Falls and elsewhere: "Thursday last was a wonderful day in the annals of the Niagara Falls. The strong easterly gale sent the water of Lake Erie westward, leaving the Niagara river and its tributaries lower than were ever known before. Buffalo creek was so low that all the vessels in it were grounded, and Niagara Falls was a rivulet compared with its native grandeur. The bed of the American branch was so denuded that you could travel in its rocky bed without wetting your feet, and mysteries that were never before revealed came to light on that day. Rocks that were heretofore invisible appeared in their full-grown deformity upon the surface, and great was the consternation among the finny tribes. The Three Sisters were accessible to foot passengers, and many traversed where human foot had never trod, with perfect impunity and dry feet. Below the Falls was full twenty feet lower than usual, and the oldest inhabitant gazed in wonder at the grand transformation. Near Suspension bridge the celebrated rock at Wither's mill, upon which a drowning man caught, and was rescued several years ago, which barely projects its head above the water, was laid bare twenty feet above the surface."

Resolved, That we tender to Prof. S. S. Jack and J. C. Gilchrist our sincere thanks for their presence in our Institute and their valuable instruction and suggestions upon the methods of teaching the various branches. Resolved, That a vote of thanks is due the Professors of Waynesburg College for the use of the chapel, and the important services rendered by them. Resolved, That the thanks of the Institute are due to Miss Lucy V. Ingraham, teacher of Music and other ladies of Waynesburg, who enlivened the proceedings with appropriate music. Resolved, The lady of the committee on Resolutions, in behalf of the lady Teachers, returns a vote of thanks to those ladies of the town whose hospitality they have enjoyed while attending the Institute.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Institute be tendered to the publishers of the "REPUBLICAN" and "Messenger" for their friendly notices of this meeting, and that they be respectfully requested to publish an abstract of the proceedings. The Institute just closed was an entire success, being well attended, and great interest and enthusiasm manifested throughout its whole session. J. JACKSON PURMAN, GEO. W. HOSKINSON, } Com. W. F. ORR.

CURRENT NOTES.

GEN'L. HARTMANP is spoken of as a candidate for re-election to the office of Auditor General of the State.

THE anniversary of emancipation was celebrated at various places in the South, the colored societies parading, &c. It is stated that the west front of the Senate wing of the capital building at Washington has settled four inches.

DOCTOR GIBSON, of Philadelphia has been appointed Private Secretary to His Excellency, Governor Geary, vice J. R. Duncanson, resigned. In some parts of Pennsylvania a feeling has grown up favorable to changing the measure of compensation of all county officers from fees to fixed salaries.

COL. PARKER, familiarly known as "Grant's Ingen," married the beautiful Miss Sackett in Washington, on Monday week last. THE Democracy have brought out their first man as a candidate for Auditor General in 1868—Charles F. Boyle who, if nominated, may be regarded as a victim for sacrifice.

CHARLES LODWELL, associate editor of the La Crosse Democrat, who was burned to death by the Angola disaster, was on his way to Connecticut to get married. DURING 1867, from January 1st until Christmas day, 236,065 emigrants arrived at New York, as compared with 227,143 during the same period of last year.

A MAN named Parish, proprietor of the Armstrong hotel, in Romney, W. Va., killed one Charles Harrison, by stabbing him. The affray occurred on Christmas and was the culmination of a quarrel.

JOHN McCARGO, City Controller of Pittsburg, died at his residence on Thursday morning of consumption. Mr. M'C. had held his office for several successful terms, and was re-elected at the last election. He was only forty-one years of age.

THE steambot Harry Dean exploded a boiler and burned to the water's edge, near Gallipolis, on the Ohio, January 4th, inst. Three hands were burned to death, several were injured severely and a number are yet missing. The cargo of oil, salt, potatoes, etc., is a total loss.

LATE dispatches from Harrisburg, announce the nomination in caucus of Elisha W. Davis, for Speaker. The friends of McCamant have given up the contest. Gen. Irvin, of Beaver, is said to stand the best chances for the nomination of State Treasurer.

CHIEF JUSTICE STOUGH, of New Mexico, was shot by Capt. Nynerston, a member of the territorial Senate, on the 15th ult. The affair grew out of some strictures passed upon the Judge in the Senate. Judge Stough died three days after being shot.

It being dull this year, a St. Louis firm commenced advertising as a last resort, and devoted ten thousand dollars to the purpose. Result, a business of over one million of dollars—larger than they ever transacted before. Let our business men take the hint.

In connection with the various places mentioned for the meeting of the Democratic National Convention, somebody has suggested that Libby Warehouse, in Richmond, or the site of the old prison-pen at Andersonville be designated for the purpose.

THE soldiers of Pennsylvania, of all terms of service, including the "Boys in Blue" organization, will hold a State Convention in Philadelphia to-day, which promises to be an imposing affair. Among other important matters, the Convention will declare unanimously for Grant for President.

REMARKABLE PHENOMENA. THEY MUST GO.

A letter from Niagara Falls, gives the following description of the remarkable phenomena of low water at the Falls and elsewhere: "Thursday last was a wonderful day in the annals of the Niagara Falls. The strong easterly gale sent the water of Lake Erie westward, leaving the Niagara river and its tributaries lower than were ever known before. Buffalo creek was so low that all the vessels in it were grounded, and Niagara Falls was a rivulet compared with its native grandeur. The bed of the American branch was so denuded that you could travel in its rocky bed without wetting your feet, and mysteries that were never before revealed came to light on that day. Rocks that were heretofore invisible appeared in their full-grown deformity upon the surface, and great was the consternation among the finny tribes. The Three Sisters were accessible to foot passengers, and many traversed where human foot had never trod, with perfect impunity and dry feet. Below the Falls was full twenty feet lower than usual, and the oldest inhabitant gazed in wonder at the grand transformation. Near Suspension bridge the celebrated rock at Wither's mill, upon which a drowning man caught, and was rescued several years ago, which barely projects its head above the water, was laid bare twenty feet above the surface."

In a circular addressed to the U. S. Assessors, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue says: "Pains should be taken to acquaint Executors, administrators, trustees, &c., of their personal liability for legal taxes, and that it is not only their legal duty, but for their own private interest and protection, to pay legacy taxes and the succession taxes under section 138, upon each sum before it is paid over to the legatee, distributee or successor. All persons should be informed that a succession tax is a first charge on the interest of the successor, and of all persons claiming in his right in all the real estate in respect whereof such duty is assessed, and that such estate is liable to seizure and sale, even in the hands of a bona fide purchaser."

Santa Anna Again. Some time ago, everybody thought old Santa Anna was factually "played out," but there seems to be life in the old chap yet. Intelligence reaches us that a new insurrection in favor of Santa Anna has broken out in Yucatan which appears to be supported by many former officers of the old Empire. It seems almost incredible that the ex-Dictator, who but a few weeks ago, barely escaped with his life, should once more disturb the peace of his native country. There is, we believe, not the least chance of the success of the movement; and if the old General is caught alive on Mexican territory, he will probably not be let off as easily as the last time. Santa Anna himself, however, denies that he is going to Mexico.

THE lowest price for gold for 1867 was 132, January 3d, and the highest 146, September 12th, a range of only 14 per cent., and the smallest since 1864 reached 106 per cent., but that was a downward grade from 234 in January to 128 in May, and up again to 140 in November.

A WASHINGTON correspondent of the New York Times says that when General Meade heard that the President contemplated putting him in Pope's place, he sent word to the President begging him to abandon the position, and stating that he was an awful Radical—more Radical than any of them.

ON THE ALERT.

MR. WALLACE, the efficient Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, has issued the following Circular: [Circular 1, 1868—Private.] DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE, ROOMS, CLEARFIELD, PA., December 10, 1867.

DEAR SIR: The spring elections are approaching, and it is of vital importance to us, in the great contest now pending, that we should secure in every locality our just share of the election officers—judges, inspectors, assessors, and constables. I write to call your special attention to this subject. I need not attempt to demonstrate its importance; all appreciate it. Let me beg that you and your committee will give this subject prompt and earnest attention. Regard it as a business matter and act accordingly. AROUSE OUR FRIENDS IN EVERY DISTRICT; show them how powerful this weapon is when effectually used. Use the necessary means to carry every sure and DOUBTFUL district for us. Where we are in the minority, place a man of high character, well informed and courageous on the board—as our inspector; in such districts, see that our best men are selected. It is a great error to fill such places with weak men. Lists of doubtful men, and those who voted with us in 1867, for the first time, with their townships and precincts can be made very useful. Furnish me all of these that you can obtain.

There are a great many aliens ready for naturalization throughout the State; all must be naturalized. Your labor and mine must be lessened, if you will obtain their names and residences at an early day, and give me the total number in your county, with the probable cost of naturalizing them. In arranging for your spring elections, you can obtain this information with comparative ease. If you have not already furnished me with the names and post-office address of two active Democrats in each election district in your county, I will be obliged if you will do so.

Very respectfully yours, WILLIAM A. WALLACE, Chairman. The Pittsburg Gazette remarks: This looks like work. In the absence of anything of the sort from the Republican State Committee, we commend this document to the consideration of all men who vote with us. It is always well to learn from an opponent when he is capable of teaching that which it is of consequence to know.

THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL FOR 1868.

DAILY AND WEEKLY, A PAPER FOR THE BUSINESS COMMUNITY AND HOUSEHOLD. PRESIDENTIAL YEAR—NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

It is unnecessary to occupy time or space in setting forth the character of the Commercial, its standing as the leading newspaper in Pennsylvania—although the most recently established, it has steadily grown in circulation, strength and patronage, until it has become recognized everywhere as the leading journal of the State, but the favorite with the trading public in your local borders. West Virginia and even beyond have equaled only by the great papers of the larger cities. It is a paper of high character, and it has recognized standing at home and abroad, among whom it exerts an intelligent and powerful influence. Its MARKETS REPORTS are carefully prepared, and its business notices and we employ every means to insure complete and reliable information.

Important to Executors, Administrators, Trustees, &c. In a circular addressed to the U. S. Assessors, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue says: "Pains should be taken to acquaint Executors, administrators, trustees, &c., of their personal liability for legal taxes, and that it is not only their legal duty, but for their own private interest and protection, to pay legacy taxes and the succession taxes under section 138, upon each sum before it is paid over to the legatee, distributee or successor. All persons should be informed that a succession tax is a first charge on the interest of the successor, and of all persons claiming in his right in all the real estate in respect whereof such duty is assessed, and that such estate is liable to seizure and sale, even in the hands of a bona fide purchaser."

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION, IN ADVANCE. One Copy, (one year) \$3.00 One Copy, (six months) \$2.00 In Clubs of twenty, \$50.00 Office, Commercial Building, No. 75 Fifth Street. Address, COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

Special Notices.

Address to the Nervous and Debilitated whose sufferings have been protected from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable. If you are suffering or have suffered from involuntary discharges, what ever the cause, and your general health is poor, do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired? Do you feel an extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Do you feel a fever, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order, or your stomach sometimes thick, milky, or foamy, or is itropy on the tongue? Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of fainting, or breathlessness or dyspnea? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, mooping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Do you any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken, and do you wake up with your eyes as brilliant? The bloom on your cheeks as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel much confidence in yourself? Do you feel anxious, nervous, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia, or liver complaint.

Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal disease, badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, which in perfect health, make the man strong, energetic, and full of life, when diseased, deprive the man of his vigor, and his health, and his life. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of their friends, and their right in the face—none of your dogmatic looks or any other means about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. Do you feel that your constitution, but also those they do business with or for. How many men from badly cured disease, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness, which the organs that have regulated the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiotcy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affection, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the cause of the trouble scarcely ever expected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of the organs require the use of a diuretic. HENRI'S FRENCH EXTRACT OF CHIU is the great diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Incontinence may ensue. Your fresh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of this medicine. It is a certain cure for all diseases of the Urinary Organs, and is a certain cure for all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing.

For Consumptives.—The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it is simple, and does not require any medicine, and may prove a blessing. Please address EDWARD A. WILSON, No. 15 South Second St., Williamsburg, New York. '68, 97-1268-18.

Information.—Information guaranteed to give a permanent cure of weak eyes, a bald head or hairless face, also a recipe for the removal of pimples, freckles, and all blemishes on the skin, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOMAS A. HOWLEY, No. 65 W. Myrtle St., New York.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE. Letters of administration, cum test., upon the estate of Daniel Hook, late of the borough of Waynesburg, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, properly authenticated for settlement, to JOHN M. RENT, Administrator, at his office, No. 15 South Second St., Williamsburg, New York.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE. That on the 31st day of December, A. D. 1867, a Warranty in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of Lewis W. Jones of Waynesburg, in the County of Greene, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts due to or by any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Court House, in Waynesburg, Greene County, Pennsylvania, before Joseph H. Donley, Registrar, on the first day of FEBRUARY, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock, p. m. THOMAS A. HOWLEY, U. S. Marshal.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE. GREENE COUNTY, PA. In the matter of the settlement of the account of E. R. Evans, administrator on the estate of E. R. Evans, dec'd., the Court has appointed the 15th day of February, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the settlement of the account, and the distribution of the funds in the hands of the accountant and make report, &c. By the Court. J. F. TEMPLE, Clerk.

All persons interested are hereby notified that I will attend to the duties of the above appointment, at my office, in Waynesburg, on Monday, the 15th day of February, A. D. 1868. J. F. TEMPLE, Auditor.

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS. A good Agent wanted in every township of this county to sell Westcott's Adjustable Back Chair, the best ever made, and of good manufacture. We do not promise fabulous salaries to our agents, but do guarantee good wages to good men. We are anxious to have this Chair introduced, and to this end will make favorable arrangements with every applicant. Address THOS. H. BIGHAM & CO., 227 N. 3rd St., Pittsburg, Pa. 18-17.

MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION CO. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Monongahela Navigation Company will be held on FRIDAY, the 15th day of January, 1868, at the office of the Company, No. 75 Grand Street, Pittsburgh, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the election of officers for the ensuing year, and other business. The election will be held between the hours of two and four, P. M. W. BAKER, Secretary.

New Advertisements.

THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL FOR 1868. DAILY AND WEEKLY, A PAPER FOR THE BUSINESS COMMUNITY AND HOUSEHOLD. PRESIDENTIAL YEAR—NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

It is unnecessary to occupy time or space in setting forth the character of the Commercial, its standing as the leading newspaper in Pennsylvania—although the most recently established, it has steadily grown in circulation, strength and patronage, until it has become recognized everywhere as the leading journal of the State, but the favorite with the trading public in your local borders. West Virginia and even beyond have equaled only by the great papers of the larger cities. It is a paper of high character, and it has recognized standing at home and abroad, among whom it exerts an intelligent and powerful influence. Its MARKETS REPORTS are carefully prepared, and its business notices and we employ every means to insure complete and reliable information.

Important to Executors, Administrators, Trustees, &c. In a circular addressed to the U. S. Assessors, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue says: "Pains should be taken to acquaint Executors, administrators, trustees, &c., of their personal liability for legal taxes, and that it is not only their legal duty, but for their own private interest and protection, to pay legacy taxes and the succession taxes under section 138, upon each sum before it is paid over to the legatee, distributee or successor. All persons should be informed that a succession tax is a first charge on the interest of the successor, and of all persons claiming in his right in all the real estate in respect whereof such duty is assessed, and that such estate is liable to seizure and sale, even in the hands of a bona fide purchaser."

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION, IN ADVANCE. One Copy, (one year) \$3.00 One Copy, (six months) \$2.00 In Clubs of twenty, \$50.00 Office, Commercial Building, No. 75 Fifth Street. Address, COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

Special Notices.

Address to the Nervous and Debilitated whose sufferings have been protected from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable. If you are suffering or have suffered from involuntary discharges, what ever the cause, and your general health is poor, do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired? Do you feel an extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Do you feel a fever, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order, or your stomach sometimes thick, milky, or foamy, or is itropy on the tongue? Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of fainting, or breathlessness or dyspnea? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, mooping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Do you any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken, and do you wake up with your eyes as brilliant? The bloom on your cheeks as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel much confidence in yourself? Do you feel anxious, nervous, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia, or liver complaint.

Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal disease, badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, which in perfect health, make the man strong, energetic, and full of life, when diseased, deprive the man of his vigor, and his health, and his life. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of their friends, and their right in the face—none of your dogmatic looks or any other means about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. Do you feel that your constitution, but also those they do business with or for. How many men from badly cured disease, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness, which the organs that have regulated the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiotcy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affection, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the cause of the trouble scarcely ever expected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of the organs require the use of a diuretic. HENRI'S FRENCH EXTRACT OF CHIU is the great diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Incontinence may ensue. Your fresh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of this medicine. It is a certain cure for all diseases of the Urinary Organs, and is a certain cure for all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing.

For Consumptives.—The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it is simple, and does not require any medicine, and may prove a blessing. Please address EDWARD A. WILSON, No. 15 South Second St., Williamsburg, New York. '68, 97-1268-18.

Information.—Information guaranteed to give a permanent cure of weak eyes, a bald head or hairless face, also a recipe for the removal of pimples, freckles, and all blemishes on the skin, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOMAS A. HOWLEY, No. 65 W. Myrtle St., New York.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE. Letters of administration, cum test., upon the estate of Daniel Hook, late of the borough of Waynesburg, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, properly authenticated for settlement, to JOHN M. RENT, Administrator, at his office, No. 15 South Second St., Williamsburg, New York.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE. That on the 31st day of December, A. D. 1867, a Warranty in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of Lewis W. Jones of Waynesburg, in the County of Greene, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts due to or by any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Court House, in Waynesburg, Greene County, Pennsylvania, before Joseph H. Donley, Registrar, on the first day of FEBRUARY, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock, p. m. THOM